

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Sink, Tap & Tile

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**1.1. Product identifier**

*Trade name:* Sink, Tap & Tile  
*Product no.:* MBSTT01

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

*Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:* None known.  
Restricted to professional and industrial use.  
*Uses advised against :* For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the identified uses above

**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

*Company and address:* **Autosmart Australia**  
11 Darrambal Close  
NSW 2283 Rathmines  
Australia  
Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)  
autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au

*Contact person:* Russell Butler  
*E-mail:* SHREQ@autosmart.co.uk  
*SDS date:* 10/2/2026  
*SDS Version:* 1.0

**1.4. Emergency telephone number**

In an Emergency call 000

NCEC - For Chemical Emergency Support ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), Call NCEC at 1800 074 234 (toll free 24Hrs) - when calling please quote "AUTOSMART 29003-NCEC"  
Local number +61 (0)2 8 014 4558

General Information. Transport Information. Mild medical Information:-  
Autosmart Australia, Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)

National Emergency Telephone Number:  
In less severe situations call the Poisons Information Centre / Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26 (Available 24/7 from anywhere in Australia)

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is considered hazardous according to the Work Health and Safety Regulations.

**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

Skin Irrit. 2; H315, Causes skin irritation.

Eye Dam. 1; H318, Causes serious eye damage.  
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s):



Signal word:

Danger

Hazard statement(s):

Causes skin irritation. (H315)  
Causes serious eye damage. (H318)  
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (H412)

Precautionary statement(s):

General:

Not applicable.

Prevention:

Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. (P264)  
Avoid release to the environment. (P273)  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. (P280)

Response:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. (P305+P351+P338)  
Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. (P310)

Storage:

Not applicable.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation. (P501)

Hazardous substances:

2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol  
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated  
dipentene;trans-1-methyl-4-(1-methylvinyl)cyclohexene;(S)-p-mentha-1,8-diene;(±)-1-methyl-4-(1-methylvinyl)cyclohexene;limonene;l-limonene  
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene;d-limonene

Additional labelling:

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Product/substance:	Identifiers:	% w/w:	Classification:	Note:
citric acid	CAS No.: 77-92-9 EC No.: 201-069-1	3-5%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	CAS No.: 102-71-6 EC No.: 203-049-8	3-5%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373	
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	CAS No.: 68439-46-3 EC No.: 931-514-1	3-5%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[19]
sodium hydroxide;caustic soda	CAS No.: 1310-73-2 EC No.: 215-185-5	1-3%	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 (SCL: 2.00 %)	

Conforms to Code of Practice - Preparation of safety data sheets for hazardous chemicals, June 2023.

			Skin Irrit. 2, H315 (SCL: 0.50 %) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 (SCL: 0.50 %)
Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride	CAS No.: 8001-54-5 EC No.: 616-786-9	<1%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314
dipentene;trans-1-methyl-4-(1-methylvinyl)cyclohexene;(S)-p-mentha-1,8-diene;(±)-1-methyl-4-(1-methylvinyl)cyclohexene;limonene;limonene	CAS No.: 138-86-3 EC No.: 205-341-0	<1%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene;d-limonene	CAS No.: 5989-27-5 EC No.: 227-813-5	<0.25%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

#### Other information

[19] UVCB = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

*General information:*

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – bring the label or this safety data sheet.  
Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

*Inhalation:*

Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.

*Skin contact:*

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/water and soap.  
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.  
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

*Eye contact:*

If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water or saline solution (20-30 °C) for at least 30 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure you flush under the upper and lower eyelids. Seek medical assistance immediately and continue flushing during transport.

*Ingestion:*

If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and stay with the person. Never give the person anything to drink.  
In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the person lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of or choking on vomited material.

*Burns:*

Not applicable.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The product contains substances that cause serious eye damage. Contact with these substances can cause irreversible effects on the eye / serious eye damage.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

IF exposed or concerned:  
Get immediate medical advice/attention.

**Information to medics**

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

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**SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

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**5.1. Extinguishing media**

Not applicable.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)  
Carbon oxides (CO / CO<sub>2</sub>)  
Some metal oxides

**5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure call the NSW Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Available 24/7) in order to obtain further advice.

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**SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

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**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.  
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.  
Contaminated areas may be slippery.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of leakage to the surroundings, contact local environmental authorities.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.  
Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

**6.4. Reference to other sections**

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.  
See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

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**SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

It is recommended to install waste collection trays in order to prevent emissions to the waste water system and surrounding environment.

Avoid direct contact with the product.  
Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

*Recommended storage material:* Keep only in original packaging.

*Storage conditions:* Dry, cool and well ventilated

*Incompatible materials:* Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

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**8.1. Control parameters**

2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 5

Annotations:

Sen = Respiratory and/or Skin Sensitiser.

sodium hydroxide;caustic soda

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 2 Peak limitation

2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 3

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 13

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants (Safe Work Australia). (January 2024)

**8.2. Exposure controls**

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

*General recommendations:* Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

*Exposure scenarios:* There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

*Exposure limits:* Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

*Appropriate technical measures:* The formation of vapours must be kept at a minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are located within easy reach. Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours.

*Hygiene measures:* Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

*Measures to avoid environmental exposure:* Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible, collect spillage during work.


**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

*Generally:* Use only protective equipment that carries the RCM symbol.

*Respiratory Equipment:*


Type:	Class:	Colour:	Standards:	:
Respiratory protection is not needed in the event of adequate ventilation.				

*Skin protection:*

Recommended:	Type/Category:	Standards:	:
Dedicated work clothing should be worn.	-	-	


Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

*Hand protection:*

Material:	Glove thickness (mm):	Breakthrough time (min.):	Standards:	:
Nitrile	0,2	> 120	EN374-2, EN16523-1, EN388	

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. The choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: > 0.2 mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 2 hours. Glove thickness is not necessarily a good measure of glove resistance as the permeation rate will depend on the exact glove composition. Repeated exposure to chemicals will degrade the ability of the glove to provide resistance to chemicals. Specific work environments and material handling practices may vary, therefore safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Use thin cotton gloves inside natural rubber gloves if there is an allergy risk to natural rubber.

*Eye protection:*

Type:	Standards:	:
Safety glasses with side shields.	EN ISO 16321-1	

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Liquid  
Colour: Green

<i>Odour:</i>	Pleasant
<i>Odour threshold (ppm):</i>	No data available.
<i>pH:</i>	No data available.
<i>Density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>):</i>	1.055 (20 °C)
<i>Kinematic viscosity:</i>	No data available.
<i>Particle characteristics:</i>	Does not apply to liquids.

**Phase changes**

<i>Melting point/Freezing point (°C):</i>	0
<i>Softening point/range (°C):</i>	Does not apply to liquids.
<i>Boiling point (°C):</i>	100
<i>Vapour pressure:</i>	No data available.
<i>Relative vapour density:</i>	No data available.
<i>Decomposition temperature (°C):</i>	No data available.

**Data on fire and explosion hazards**

<i>Flash point (°C):</i>	No data available.
<i>Flammability (°C):</i>	No data available.
<i>Auto-ignition temperature (°C):</i>	No data available.
<i>Explosion limits (% v/v):</i>	No data available.

**Solubility**

<i>Solubility in water:</i>	No data available.
<i>n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow):</i>	No data available.
<i>Solubility in fat (g/L):</i>	No data available.

**9.2. Other information**

<i>VOC (g/L):</i>	50
<i>Other physical and chemical parameters:</i>	No data available.
<i>Oxidizing properties:</i>	No data available.

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY****10.1. Reactivity**

No data available.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

None known.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

None known.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/substance citric acid  
 Test method: OECD 401  
 Species: Mouse  
 Route of exposure: Oral  
 Test: LD50  
 Result: 5400 mg/kg

Product/substance citric acid  
 Species: Rat  
 Route of exposure: Dermal  
 Test: LD50  
 Result: >2000 mg/kg

Product/substance 2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol  
 Species: Rat  
 Route of exposure: Oral  
 Test: LD50  
 Result: 6400 mg/kg

Product/substance 2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol  
 Species: Rabbit  
 Route of exposure: Dermal  
 Test: LD50  
 Result: > 2000 mg/kg

Product/substance Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride  
 Species: Rat  
 Route of exposure: Oral  
 Test: LD50  
 Result: 280 - 305 mg/kg bw

Product/substance Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride  
 Species: Rat  
 Route of exposure: Dermal  
 Test: LD50  
 Result: 930 mg/kg bw

Product/substance 2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine  
 Test method: OECD 401  
 Species: Rat  
 Route of exposure: Oral  
 Test: LD50  
 Result: 1600 mg/kg

Product/substance 2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine  
 Species: Rabbit  
 Route of exposure: Dermal  
 Test: LD50  
 Result: 8200 mg/kg

Product/substance 2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine  
 Species: Rat  
 Route of exposure: Inhalation  
 Test: LC0  
 Result: 3.35 mg/L

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Product/substance	citric acid
Test method:	OECD 404
Species:	Rabbit
Result:	No adverse effect observed (Not irritating)

Causes skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/irritation**

Product/substance	citric acid
Test method:	OECD 405
Species:	Rabbit
Result:	Adverse effect observed (Irritating)

Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory sensitisation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Skin sensitisation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen.  
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene;d-limonene has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**STOT-single exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**STOT-repeated exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Long term effects**

The product contains substances that cause serious eye damage. Contact with these substances can cause irreversible effects on the eye / serious eye damage.

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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**12.1. Toxicity**

Product/substance	citric acid
Test method:	OECD 203
Species:	Fish
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	440 mg/L

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Product/substance	citric acid
Test method:	OECD 202
Species:	Daphnia
Duration:	24 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	1535 mg/L

Product/substance	citric acid
Species:	Algae
Duration:	-
Test:	NOEC
Result:	425 mg/L

Product/substance	sodium hydroxide;caustic soda
Species:	Fish, Leuciscus idus
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	189 mg/L

Product/substance	sodium hydroxide;caustic soda
Species:	Crustacean, Daphnia magna
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	40-240 mg/L

Product/substance	sodium hydroxide;caustic soda
Species:	Crustacean, Ceriodaphnia dubia
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	40.4 mg/L

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

Product/substance	citric acid
Duration:	28 days
Result:	97 %
Conclusion:	-
Test:	OECD 301 B

Product/substance	citric acid
Result:	100 %
Conclusion:	-
Test:	OECD 301 E

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

No data available.

**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

**12.6. Other adverse effects**

This product contains substances, which may cause adverse long-term effects to the aquatic environment.

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste treatment methods**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Specific labelling**

**Contaminated packing**

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

:	14.1 UN / ID:	14.2 UN proper shipping name:	14.3 Hazard class(es):	14.4 PG*:	14.5 Env**:	Other informatio n::
ADG	-	-	-	-	-	-
IMDG	-	-	-	-	-	-
IATA	-	-	-	-	-	-

\* Packing group

\*\* Environmental hazards

### Additional information

Not dangerous goods according to ADR/ADN/RID, IATA and IMDG.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

*Restrictions for application:*

Industrial use only.

Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

*Demands for specific education:*

No specific requirements.

*Control of major hazard facilities:*

Not applicable.

*Additional information:*

Not applicable.

*The Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC):*

citric acid is listed  
2,2',2''-nitrioltriethanol is listed  
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated is listed  
sodium hydroxide;caustic soda is listed  
Alkyldimethylbenzylammonium chloride is listed  
2,2'-iminodiethanol;diethanolamine is listed  
dipentene;trans-1-methyl-4-(1-methylvinyl)cyclohexene;(S)-p-mentha-1,8-diene;(±)-1-methyl-4-(1-methylvinyl)cyclohexene;limonene;l-limonene is listed  
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene;d-limonene is listed

*SUSMP:*

No Poison Schedule Allocated

*Sources:*

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations as at 1 January 2021.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

H226, Flammable liquid and vapour.

H290, May be corrosive to metals.

H302, Harmful if swallowed.

H304, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H312, Harmful in contact with skin.  
H314, Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H315, Causes skin irritation.  
H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H318, Causes serious eye damage.  
H319, Causes serious eye irritation.  
H335, May cause respiratory irritation.  
H373, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1**

None known.

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

ADG = The Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail  
AICIS = Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme  
AIIC = Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals  
AS = Australian Standard  
AS/NZS = Australian New Zealand Standard  
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
AUH = Hazard statements specific for Australia  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service  
EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
Hazchem = Hazardous chemicals  
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
NICNAS = National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (replaced by AICIS since 2020)  
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
RCM = Regulatory Mark of Conformity  
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
SCL = A specific concentration limit  
STEL = Short-term exposure limits  
STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure  
STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure  
SUSMP = Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons  
TWA = Time weighted average  
UN = United Nations  
UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials  
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative  
WHS = Work Health and Safety Regulations

**Additional information**

The classification of the mixture in regard of health hazards is in accordance with the calculation methods given by the Work Health and Safety Regulations.

**The safety data sheet is validated by**

Adrian

**Other**

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: AU-en